

1894

7. The inhabitants of European Turkey are of many races, languages, and religions. About one half are Mohammedans. The Turks are the governing race, though they constitute only a small part of the population; they are Mongol Mohammedans from Asia. Bulgaria is a self-governing but tributary principality.

8. The chief exports of Turkey are tobacco, wine, olive oil, cotton, wheat, silk, wool, carpets, and Morocco leather.



CONSTANTINOPLE.

9. Constantinople, the principal port, beautifully situated on the Bosphorus, is the capital and largest city of the

their valor and patriotism, and for their genius in literature, philosophy, and the fine arts. Their poets, philosophers, orators, historians, architects, and sculptors have never been surpassed.

12. **Denmark.** — Denmark consists of a number of islands and the northern half of the peninsula of Jutland. The islands contain the greater part of the population.

13. Agriculture and fishing are the principal occupations. Horses, cattle, butter, cheese, pork, and grain are largely exported.

The colonial possessions are Greenland, Iceland, the Faroe Islands, and several small islands in the West Indies.

14. Copenhagen, on the island of Zealand, is the capital and largest city, and the principal seat of trade and manufactures.

**Questions (I.)** — 1. What is the official title of the Austrian Empire? What kingdom is a part of the empire? Who is its king? — 2. What system of water ways is there? What other means of transportation? — 3. In what is Austria rich? What are the principal exports? What is said of the wines? — 4. For what is Vienna noted? Budapest? Prague? Trieste and Fiume? — 5. What is said of Roumania, Servia, and Montenegro? — 6. What does the Turkish or Ottoman Empire include? What proportion of the population in Europe? — 7. How do the inhabitants differ? How many are Mohammedans? What is said of the Turks? What is said of Bulgaria? — 8. What are the exports of Turkey? — 9. For what is Constantinople noted? Adrianople and Salonica? — 10. How may Greece be divided? What does Continental Greece include? Insular Greece? Who conduct most of the commerce of the Black Sea and the Levant? What is the Levant? What are the exports of Greece? Which is the most important? — 11. For what is Athens noted? Which are the chief ports? What other ports? — 12. Of what does Denmark consist? Where is most of the population? — 13. What are the chief occupations? Exports? — 14. What is said of Copenhagen?

**(II.)** — 1. How is the empire divided? How governed? Why is Austria governed with difficulty? What part of the people are Germans? What part Mongols? What are the chief occupations? What other peoples in Austria? — 6. What is the

and the Jura Mountains constitutes the remaining third. This plain and most of the Alpine valleys are carefully cultivated, and flocks and herds abound.

9. Switzerland is a federal republic of twenty-two small states called cantons. About three fourths of the inhabitants are Germans, about one sixth are French, and most of the remainder Italians.

10. Manufacturing is the chief industry. Among the products exported are fine cottons, silks, clocks, watches, and jewelry; butter, cheese, and condensed milk. The foreign trade is carried on through Germany, France, and Italy.

11. Geneva, noted for its manufacture of watches and for its beautiful situation at the outlet of Lake Geneva, is the largest city. Basle, the second city, and Zurich, are largely engaged in the manufacture of silks. Berne is the capital.

**Questions (I.)**—1. What is said of the commerce of Spain and Portugal? Of the rivers? Of the railways? What are the chief exports of Spain? Of Portugal?—2. For what is Madrid noted? Barcelona? Seville? Valencia? Malaga?—3. Lisbon? Oporto?—4. What is the chief occupation of the people of France? What is said of the commerce and manufactures? Of the coal mines? Of the railways? Of the rivers? What are the principal exports?—5. What is said of Paris? Lyons? Marseilles? Bordeaux? Lille? Havre? Rouen?—6. What are the chief exports of Italy? Which are its chief rivers? What are the productions of the plain of the Po?—7. What is said of Rome? Naples? Milan? Palermo? Turin? Florence? Genoa? Venice?—8. Which is the most elevated country in Europe? What is the general character of the country?—9. What is the form of government? How many states are there? What are they called? Who are the inhabitants?—10. What is the chief occupation? What are the chief exports? How is the foreign trade carried on?—11. What is said of Geneva? Basle and Zurich? Berne?

(II.)—3. What is said of the foreign possessions of Spain and Portugal?—5. Of

productions and valuable minerals, and in its extensive forests.



SCENE IN SWITZERLAND.

The chief exports are wheat, sugar, timber, cattle, wool, and manufactures of wool, wood, iron, and glass. The wines are among



